

United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|
| 09/896,390 | 06/29/2001 | Arturo A. Rodriguez | A-7258 | 1010 | |
| 5642 | 7590 02/08/2006 | | EXAMINER | | |
| | IC-ATLANTA, INC. | LAYE, JADE O | | | |
| | ΓUAL PROPERTY DEPAΙ RLOAF PARKWAY | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | | |
| LAWRENCEVILLE, GA 30044 | | | 2617 | | |
| | | | DATE MAILED: 02/08/2006 | | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | Application | No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
|--|---|---------------|--|------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| | | 09/896,390 | | RODRIGUEZ ET AL. | | | | |
| Office Action Sum | Examiner | | Art Unit | | | | | |
| · | | Jade O. Lay | /e | 2617 | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of thi | s communication app | ears on the | cover sheet with the c | orrespondence ad | Idress | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | | | | | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communica | ition(s) filed on 18 Ja | anuary 2006 | | | | | | |
| 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. | | | | | | | | |
| · <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| | closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | | | |
| • 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-56</u> is/are pending in the application. | | | | | | | | |
| | 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-56</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are obje | | | | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject | | r election re | uirement. | | | | | |
| ,_ ,, | , | | , | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | | | |
| 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | | | |
| 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | | | | | |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | | | | |
| Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawir Information Disclosure Statement(s) (Paper No(s)/Mail Date | = - | ! | i) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da i) Notice of Informal Pa ii) Other: | te | O-152) | | | |

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

I. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 1/18/06 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

II. Applicant's arguments regarding the teachings of *Hassell et al* have been fully considered but are unpersuasive.

Applicant argues Hassell fails to teach a system capable of concurrently receiving and storing downloaded multimedia data onto a removable medium. In support of this assertion, Applicant quotes *Hassell* at Paragraph 81, which states "...allowing the user to transfer programs...stored on digital storage device 49 to other volumes of digital storage device 49...". In Applicant's opinion, this teaching appears to address transferring programs previously stored on a *non-removable* storage medium (i.e., device 49) to other storage devices contained in the system. However, Applicant is mistaken.

To the contrary, *Hassell et al* do teach concurrently receiving and storing downloaded media content onto a removable medium. At Paragraph [0085], Hassell teaches digital storage device 49 can contain <u>removable</u> storage devices. Moreover, throughout Hassell's specification,

Application/Control Number: 09/896,390

Art Unit: 2617

Page 3

he discloses that any of the system's digital storage devices can be removable mediums. (Pars.

[0019-0021, 0089, 0109]). Therefore, the Examiner interprets Hassell's disclosure as

encompassing a system which will concurrently download and store multimedia data into a

removable medium as recited in amended Claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found

in a prior Office action.

III. Claims 1-13, 16-25, 27, 29-42, 45-49, and 51-56 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as

being unpatentable over Berstis (6,564,005) in view of Hassell et al. (US Pat. Pub. No.

2004/0128685).

As to Claim 1, Berstis discloses a video recording system comprising a memory for

storing content characterizing information, a plurality of portable mediums, and a user interface

wherein the user is allowed to request a download. For the sake of clarification, the Examiner

considers "characterizing information" of the program to refer to any form of programming data,

such as the specified time period or textual description of the program as shown in Figures 9 and

10. This characterizing information is downloaded because, as shown in Fig. 10, the system will

display an archive of recorded programs along with a textual description of said program.

The Examiner interprets the "characterizing info" of the recordable medium to refer to

the type of medium specified by the user for downloading. For example, if a dvd is specified for

recording, said dvd is "characterized" by the fact the user specified it as the storage medium, as opposed to other mediums on the system. Moreover, the system is further configured to store programs onto the specified medium based upon a correlation between the "characterizing information" of the program and the specified medium. As such, Berstis allows the user to specify the channel, day, and time period (i.e., characterizing info) of a program and the type of medium the program is to be downloaded onto (i.e., characterizing info of medium). Once all characterizing info has been identified by the system, the corresponding program is recorded and downloaded onto the medium specified by the user. (Abstract; Col. 2, Ln. 3-14; Col. 6, Ln. 23-65; Col. 8, Ln. 17-29, 57-65 thru Col. 9, Ln. 35; Col. 11, Ln. 2-13; Fig. 8 & 9).

But, Berstis fails to teach concurrently downloading and storing media into a removable medium. However, within the same field of endeavor *Hassell et al* disclose a similar system capable of performing such a function. (please refer to "Response to Arguments" section). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in this art at the time of Applicant's invention to combine the systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell*, thus providing a system which supplies the user with more flexible storing capabilities.

Claim 32 corresponds to the system claim 1. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

As to Claim 2, *Berstis* further discloses the media characterizing info is organized into a database having multiple fields. (Fig. 10). Accordingly, the combined systems of Berstis and Hassell render obvious all limitations of Claim 2.

As to claims 3 and 4, *Berstis* further teaches the characterization info can be stored in the storage device and/or the portable mediums, respectively. (contained in cited portions used to

reject Claim 1). (Note: Storing information in the portable mediums, which are located in the storage device, is analogous to storing information in the storage device.) Accordingly, the combined systems of Berstis and Hassell render obvious all limitations of Claims 3 and 4.

Claims 46 and 47 correspond to the system claims 3 and 4, respectively. Thus, each is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

Claim 5 recites the system of Claim 1, wherein the user interface is configured as a plurality of archive screens. As discussed above, Berstis anticipates each and every limitation of Claim 1, but fails to specifically disclose all limitations of Claim 5. However, within the same field of endeavor Hassell et al disclose a similar system wherein the interface (i.e., EPG) comprises a plurality of screens. (Pars. [0020 & 0027], Figs. 4-14). Accordingly, the combined systems of Berstis and Hassell render obvious all limitations of Claim 5.

Claim 33 corresponds to the system claim 5. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

As to claim 6, *Hassell* further discloses the EPG is pre-configured with categories. (Figs. 5b, 7a, 7b, 13, 16, 18, & 19). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 6.

Claim 6 corresponds to the system claim 34. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

As to claim 7, Hassell further teaches the pre-configured categories can be groups corresponding to media content, genre (i.e. theme), descriptive info, and volumes (i.e., portable mediums). (Pars. [0037, 0056, &0104]). Accordingly, the combined systems of Berstis and Hassell disclose all limitations of Claim 7.

Claim 35 corresponds to the method claim 7. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

As to claim 8, *Hassell* further teaches the categories can include characterization info and the selections (i.e., programs) which correspond to said characteristics. (Pars. 0037 & 0087]). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 8.

Claims 36 and 37 correspond to the method claim 8. Thus, each is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

As to claim 9, *Hassell* further teaches the portable mediums are categorized into preconfigured default mediums corresponding to the characterizing info on the recordable content. To clarify, *Hassell's* "disk one" is categorized into preconfigured default volume medium one (i.e., disk one as shown in Fig. 9), which corresponds to the characterizing information listed in Figures 9 and 10. (Pars. [0056-0059]). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 9.

Claim 38 corresponds to the system claim 9. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

As to claim 10, *Hassell* further discloses the system displays categories (i.e., categorizes by volumes, themes, etc.) and the user selections within those categories. (Par. [0037 & 0087] & Figs. 4-14). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 10.

Claim 39 corresponds to the system claim 10. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

Application/Control Number: 09/896,390 Page 7

Art Unit: 2617

As to claims 11 and 12, *Hassell* further teaches the categories and user selections can be displayed in pre-configured and user-defined formats, respectively. (Par. [0037] & Figs. 4-14). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claims 11

and 12.

Claims 40 and 41 correspond to the system claims 11 and 12, respectively. Thus, each is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

As to claim 13, *Hassell* further teaches the screen can be configured to allow the user to edit categories (users can label volume/category names) and user selections within the categories. (Pars. [0062, 0063, & 0090]). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 13.

Claim 42 corresponds to the system claim 13. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

As to claim 16, *Hassell* further teaches the system can comprise of personalized categories. (Par. [0057]). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 16.

Claim 45 corresponds to the system claim 16. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

As to claim 17, *Hassell* further teaches the user is allowed to transfer media from one storage device to another (i.e., from a device within the subscriber network). (Par. [0081]). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 17.

Claim 52 corresponds to the system claim 17. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

As to claim 18, *Hassell* further teaches the media can be received from a remote device external to the subscriber network. (Pars. [0016 & 0017]). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 18.

Claim 53 corresponds to the method claim 18. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

As to claims 19 and 20, *Hassell* further teaches the system is configured to determine if the proper portable medium is loaded and to automatically load the proper medium, respectively. (Par. [0089]). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claims 19 and 20.

Claim 48 corresponds to the system claim 20. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

As to claim 21, *Hassell* further teaches the portable mediums can be categorized by titles. (Par. [0086, 0089, & 0090] & Figs. 7a & 13). For example, volume one can be named by the user. Thus, it would be categorized the user's personalized name. Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 21.

As to claim 22, *Hassell* further teaches the user is allowed to enter a title, thereby prompting the system to identify the medium which corresponds to said title. (Par. [0089]). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 22.

As to claim 23, *Hassell* further teaches the system will prompt the user to load the proper medium. (Par. [0089]). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 23.

Claim 49 corresponds to the system claim 23. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

Page 9

As to claim 24, *Hassell* further teaches the use of a remote. (Pars. [0019 & 0085] & Fig. 2). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 24.

Claim 54 corresponds to the system claim 24. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

As to claim 25, *Hassell* further teaches the recordable media and portable media can be categorized by user (i.e., dad's favorite). (Fig. 7b). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 25.

As to claim 27, *Hassell* further teaches the use of access locks. (Pars. [0094 & 0099]). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 27.

Claim 51 corresponds to the system claim 27. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

The limitations of Claim 29 are encompassed by the limitations of Claims 1-5. Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 29.

As to claim 30, *Hassell* further teaches the system can be located within the set top box. (Pars. [0017-0023]). Accordingly, the combined systems of *Berstis* and *Hassell* disclose all limitations of Claim 30.

Claim 55 is encompassed within the limitations of claim 22. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected accordingly.

Application/Control Number: 09/896,390 Page 10

Art Unit: 2617

Claim 31 recites the system of claim 1, wherein the processor, the memory, and the storage device are located in a head end. As discussed above, the combined systems of Berstis and Hassell render obvious all limitations of Claim 1, and further disclose all limitations of Claim 31. In view of the disclosure used to reject claim 30 (system can be located at STB), it would be an obvious design choice to locate the system at the content provider site. Moreover, the Examiner takes Official Notice that, at the time of Applicant's invention, it was notoriously known in this art to place similar systems at the headend. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in this art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the combined disclosures of Berstis and *Hassell*, in order to provide a system located at the head end, thereby supplying cheaper set top box to the consumer.

[Note: The Examiner's Official Notice is evidenced by Russo, U.S. Pat. No. 5,619,247, Col. 3, Ln. 39-Col. 4, Ln. 44, which discloses a similar processor, memory, and storage device located at the cable transmission facility (i.e., headend).]

As to Claim 56, *Berstis* further teaches downloading media content in a selected portable medium. (citation portions used under Claim 1). Accordingly, the combined systems of Berstis and Hassell render obvious all limitations of Claim 56.

IV. Claims 14, 15, 28, 43, and 44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Berstis* in view of *Hassell et al* as discussed under Claim 5, and further in view of *Browne et al*. (WO 92/22983).

Claim 14 recites the system of claim 5, wherein the archive screens are configured to enable the user to search for recordable media among the plurality of portable mediums in the

secondary storage device. As discussed above, the combined systems of Berstis and Hassell disclose all limitations of claim 5, but fail to specifically recite the limitations of claim 14. However, within the same field of endeavor, Browne et al disclose a similar system in which the user is allowed to search a program archive via the entry of keywords. (Pg. 30, Ln. 5-27 & Fig. 11). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in this art at the time of applicant's invention to combine the systems of Berstis, Hassell, and Browne in order to provide a more efficient search engine for the program archive.

Claim 43 corresponds to the system claim 14. Thus it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

Claim 15 recites the system of claim 5, wherein the archive screens are configured to enable the user to search for characterizing information corresponding to the recordable media content among the plurality of portable mediums stored in the secondary storage device. As discussed above, the combined systems of Berstis and Hassell disclose every limitation of claim 5, but fail to specifically recite the limitations of claim 15. However, Browne et al disclose a similar system in which the user is allowed to search a program archive via the entry of keywords. (Pg. 30, Ln. 5-27 & Fig. 11). Accordingly, the combined system of Berstis, Hassell, and Browne disclose all limitations of Claim 15.

Claim 44 corresponds to the system claim 15. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed.

Claim 28 recites the system of claim 27, wherein the authorized access locks have corresponding icons displayed on one of a plurality of screen displays to alert the user to the requirement for authorized access. As discussed above, the combined systems of Berstis and Application/Control Number: 09/896,390 Page 12

Art Unit: 2617

Hassell disclose each and every limitation of claim 27, but fail to specifically recite the limitation

of claim 28. However, Browne discloses the use of access lock icons in Figure 6. Therefore, the

combined systems of Berstis, Hassell, and Browne contain all limitations of claim 28.

V. Claims 26 and 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Berstis

in view of Hassell et al as discussed under Claim 25, and further in view of Russo. (US Pat. No.

5,619,247).

Claim 26 recites the system of claim 25, wherein the processor is further configured to

select the medium for receiving the downloaded recordable media content corresponding to a

user that purchased the recordable media content. As discussed above, the combined systems of

Berstis and Hassell disclose each and every limitation of claim 25, but fail to specifically recite

the limitations of claim 26. However, within the same field of endeavor, Russo discloses a

similar system whereby individual users have separate storage areas (i.e., mediums). (Col. 11,

Ln. 17-30). Therefore, the system selects the medium (which corresponds to purchasing user) in

which to download to content. Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill

in this art at the time of applicant's invention to combine the systems of Berstis, Hassell, and

Russo in order to provide a system whereby individual users could be charged for their own

content.

Claim 50 corresponds to the system claim 26. Thus, it is analyzed and rejected as

previously discussed.

Application/Control Number: 09/896,390

Art Unit: 2617

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Jade O. Laye whose telephone number is (571) 272-7303. The

examiner can normally be reached on Mon. 7:30am-4, Tues. 7:30-2, W-Fri. 7:30-4.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Chris Kelley can be reached on (571) 272-7331. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Examiner: Jade O. Laye

Initials:

February 3, 2006.

VIVEK SRIVASTAVA PRIMARY EXAMINER

Page 13

NFR - Pg. 13 of 13.